



Green City, Clean Waters

Plant Selection Plant Maintenance



Overview

- Introduction to Green City, Clean Waters
- Challenges of Green City, Clean Waters
- Potential Research Topics



GREEN CITY, CLEAN WATERS

The City of Philadelphia's Program for Combined Sewer Overflow Control
\$2.4 Billion Investment over the next 25 years

Green Stormwater Infrastructure

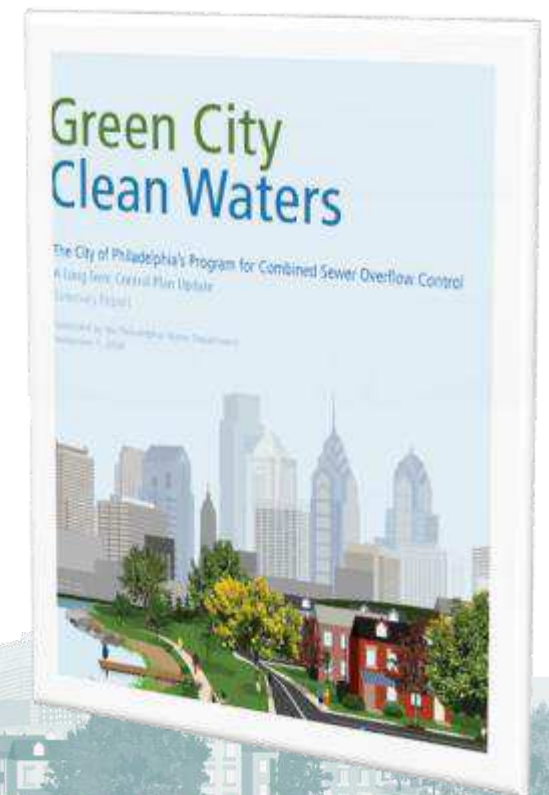
\$1.67 billion

Traditional Infrastructure

\$345 million

Adaptive Management

\$420 million



OUR GOAL: 9,500 IMPERVIOUS ACRES CONVERTED TO “GREENED ACRES”

- Enforce strong stormwater **regulations** on development
- Create stormwater **billing** structure that rewards good practices
- Direct eight innovative **Green Programs** to invest in green stormwater infrastructure



NEW INITIATIVES:

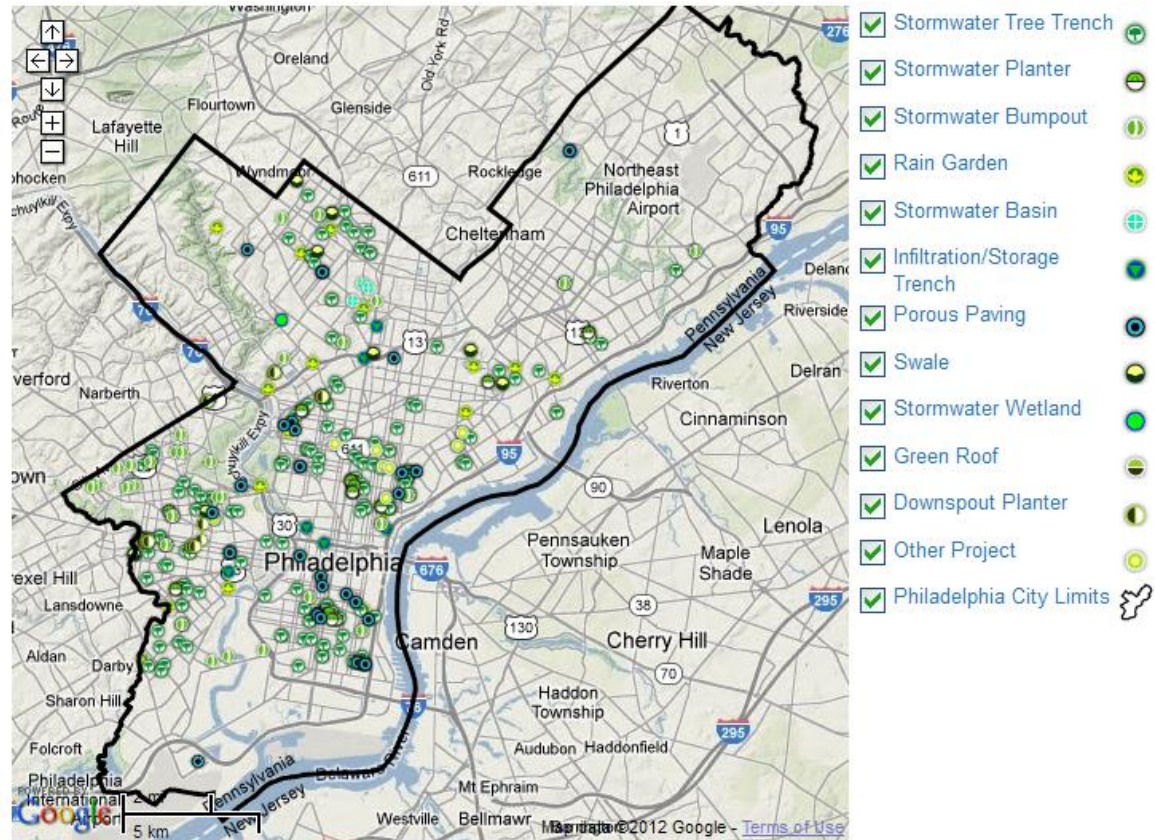
First Five Years

- Green Streets
- PWD Facilities
- Green Campus Initiatives
- Green Schools and Schoolyards
- Greening of Publicly owned Parking Facilities
- Vacant Lands
- Green Homes



Challenges of PWD's GCCW Program

- Maintenance schedule
 - **30 sites, over 60 SMPs**
- Urban stressors
- System stressors



Last update: May 31, 2012

Challenges of PWD's GCCW Program

- **Maintenance schedule**

- watering
- weeding, pruning
- reseeding
- trash & sediment
- erosion control
- structural repairs



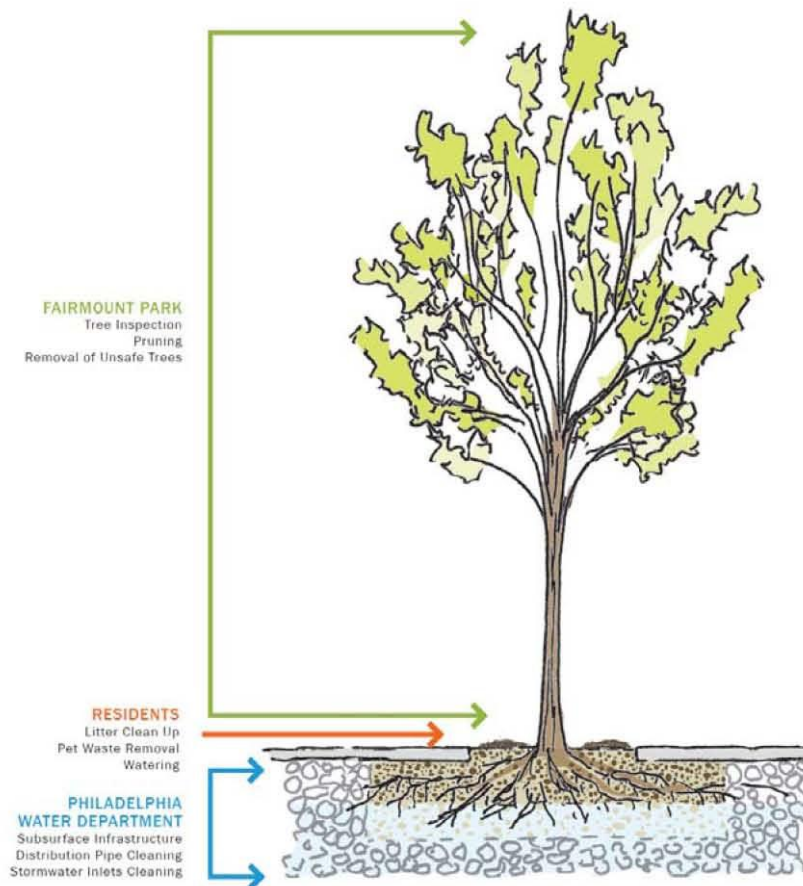
Green Infrastructure Maintenance Manual

Delivery: June 1, 2014

Metric: Greened Acres

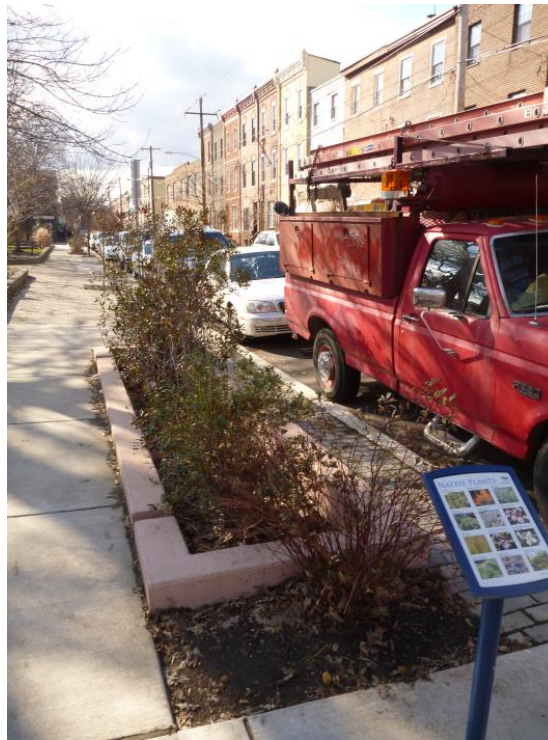
STORMWATER TREE TRENCH: Maintenance Responsibilities

Defining maintenance activities, frequency and efficiencies for long-term success of each type of green stormwater infrastructure



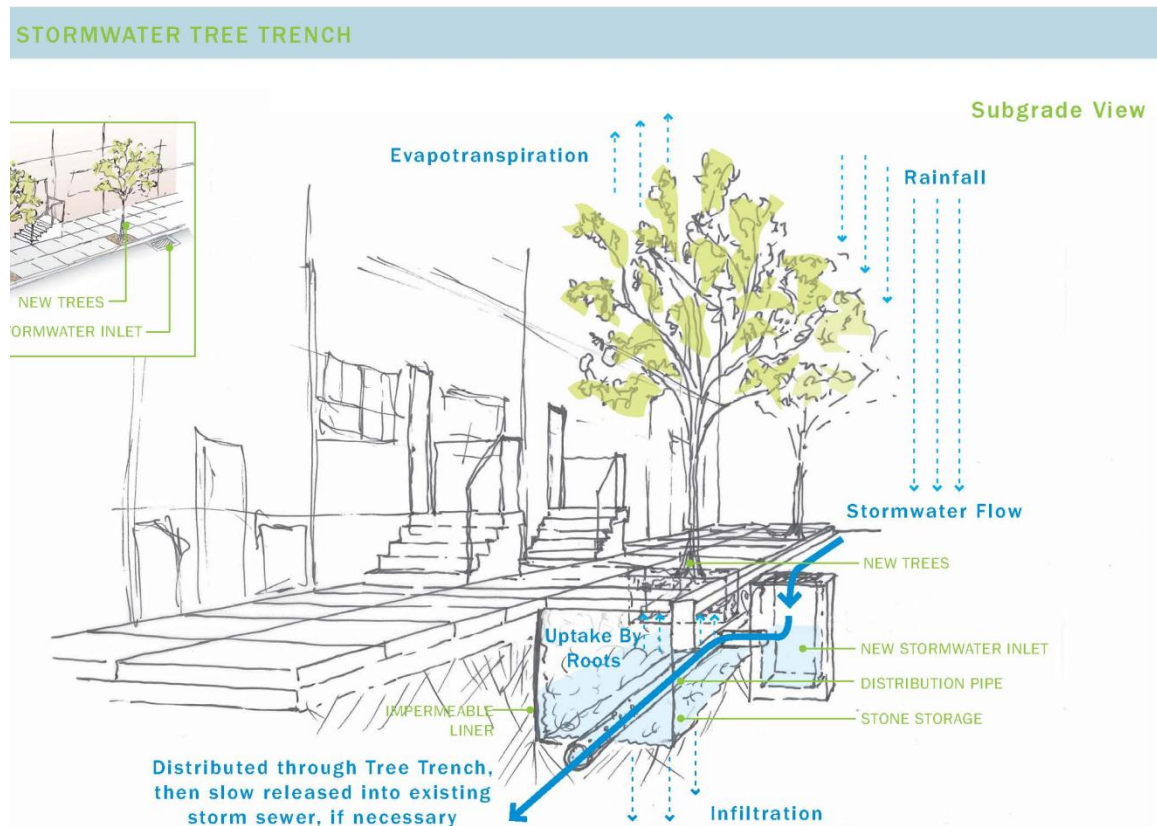
Challenges of PWD's GCCW Program

- Maintenance schedule
- **Urban stressors**
 - heat
 - drought
 - inundation
 - road salts
 - pollutants
 - vandalism



Challenges of PWD's GCCW Program

- Maintenance schedule
- Urban stressors
- **System stressors**
 - stone beds
 - space constraints
 - bioretention soil mixes



Challenges of PWD's GCCW Program

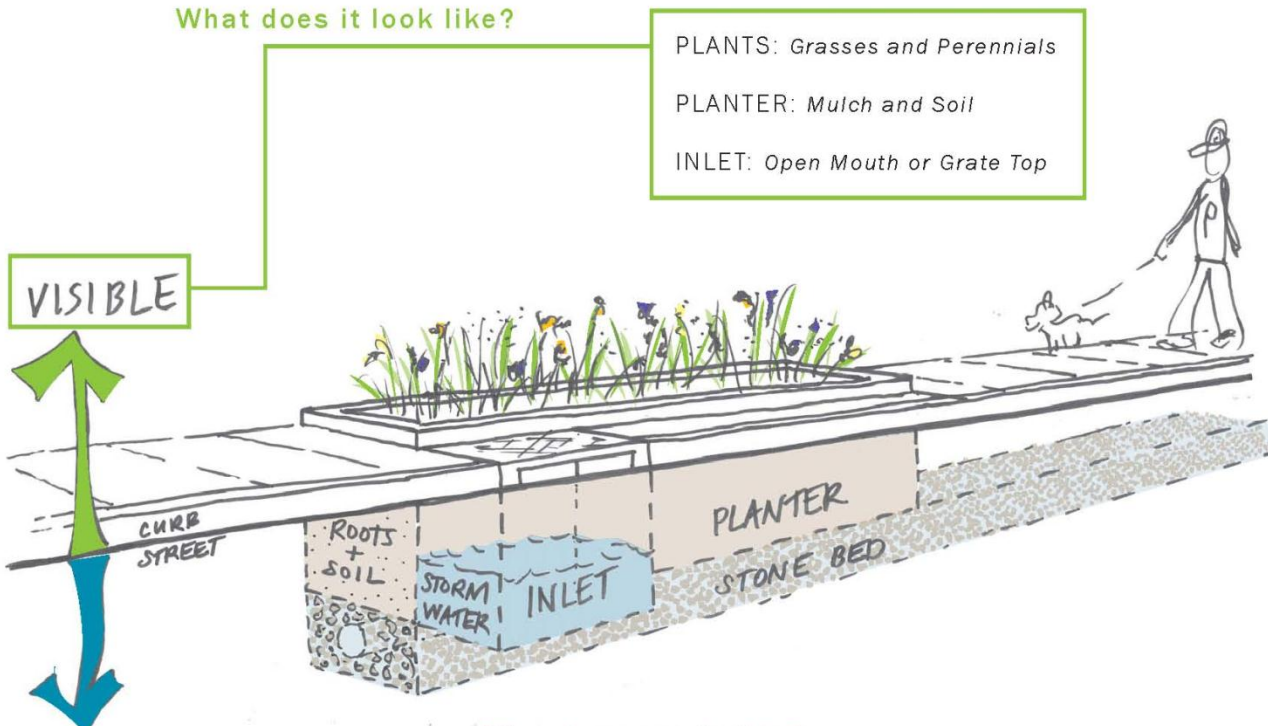
GREEN STREETS: STORMWATER PLANTER

What does it look like?

PLANTS: Grasses and Perennials

PLANTER: Mulch and Soil

INLET: Open Mouth or Grate Top



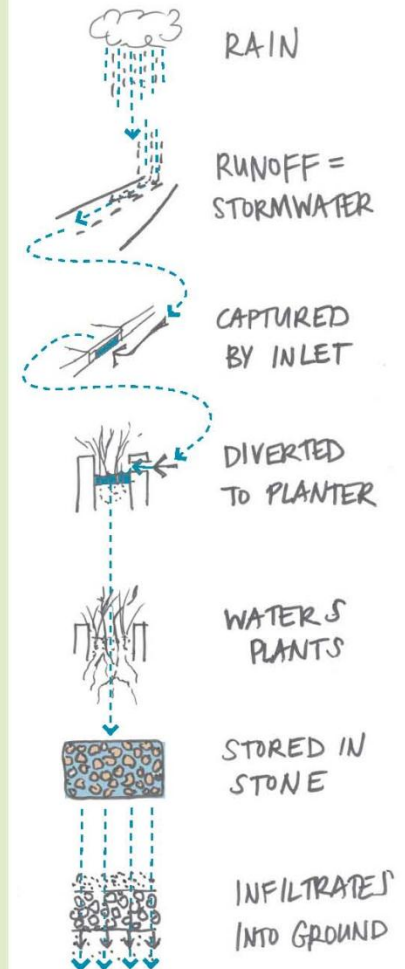
What happens inside?

ROOTS: Absorb Stormwater to Feed Plants

SOIL: Cleans Stormwater as it Passes Through

STONE: Stores Stormwater During Peak Storms
Spreads Stormwater Across a Bigger Infiltration Area

How does it work?



Potential Research Topics

- Causes of mortality
- Moisture levels
- Evapotranspiration rates
- Native vs. “weedy” non-native
- System design



Potential Research Topics

- **Causes of mortality**
 - Stressors (salts, drought, or heat)
 - “Age” systems with extraordinarily high
 - Variation among species



Potential Research Topics

- Causes of mortality
- **Moisture levels**
 - soil types, stratification + moisture retention
 - susceptibility to diseases/pests



Potential Research Topics

- Causes of mortality
- Moisture levels
- **Evapotranspiration rates**
 - estimating for different species



Potential Research Topics

- Causes of mortality
- Moisture levels
- Evapotranspiration rates
- **Native vs. “weedy” non-native**
 - public acceptance
 - ecology



Potential Research Topics

- Causes of mortality
- Moisture levels
- Evapotranspiration rates
- Native vs. “weedy” non-native
- **System design**
 - spatial interaction of stormwater with p
 - intercepting pollutants



Potential Research Topics

- Causes of mortality
- Moisture levels
- Evapotranspiration rates
- Native vs. “weedy” non-native
- System design

